113

1 hundred — 1 ten — 3 units

Where a digit is placed tells us how much it is worth. This is called column value.
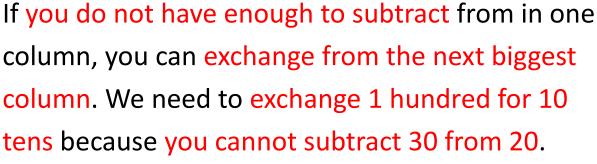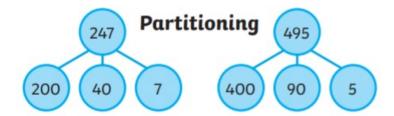
H	T	O

written form	numerical (standard) form
three hundred and seventy-five	375

375

expanded form	model form
300 + 70 + 5	

Hundreds (H)	Tens (T)	Ones (O)

twenty	20	one hundred	100
thirty	30	two hundred	200
forty	40	three hundred	300
fifty	50	four hundred	400
sixty	60	five hundred	500
seventy	70	six hundred	600
eighty	80	seven hundred	700
ninety	90	eight hundred	800
		nine hundred	900
		one thousand	1000

If you do not have enough to subtract from in one column, you can exchange from the next biggest column. We need to exchange 1 hundred for 10 tens because you cannot subtract 30 from 20.

Partitioning

247 → 200, 40, 7

495 → 400, 90, 5