## Maths Investigation

The flies are always tastier on the other side!

- There are two families of frogs - purple and blue.
- Each family contains 3 frogs.
- The purple frogs live on the left of the pond, the blue frogs on the right.
- The purple frogs want to get to the right side of the pond as they think the blue frogs get the juiciest flies.
- The blue frogs, on the other hand, think the purple frogs get fatter flies and want to get to the left of the pond.
- There are 7 lily pads which the frogs must use to cross the pond.
- Frogs can only jump to EMPTY lily pads.
- Frogs can only jump over ONE other frog at a time.
- Frogs don't know how to jump backwards!


Work out how the families swap sides. What is the smallest number of jumps they have to make to get there?

Now try...

- 4 frogs in each family with 9 lily pads
- 5 frogs in each family with 11 lily pads
- 6 frogs in each family with 13 lily pads

Complete the table:

| Frogs in family (f) | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jumps (j) |  |  |  |  |  |

Can you see a pattern?
Use your pattern to work out how many jumps would be needed for 8 frogs in each family on 17 lily pads.

Write a general statement which explains how to work out the number of jumps ( j ) if you know the number of frogs ( f ).

Use your statement to work out the number of jumps for...

- a family of 11 frogs.
- a family of 15 frogs.
- a family of 50 frogs.
- 200 frogs altogether.


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The flies are always tastier on the other side!

- There are two families of frogs - purple and blue.
- Each family contains 2 frogs.
- The purple frogs live on the left of the pond, the blue frogs on the right.
- The purple frogs want to get to the right side of the pond as they think the blue frogs get the juiciest flies.
- The blue frogs, on the other hand, think the purple frogs get fatter flies and want to get to the left of the pond.
- There are 5 lily pads which the frogs must use to cross the pond.
- Frogs can only jump to EMPTY lily pads.
- Frogs can only jump over ONE other frog at a time.
- Frogs don't know how to jump backwards!


Work out how the families swap sides. What is the smallest number of jumps they have to make to get there?

Now try...

- 3 frogs in each family with 7 lily pads
- 4 frogs in each family with 9 lily pads
- 5 frogs in each family with 11 lily pads

Complete the table:

| Frogs in family (f) | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jumps (j) |  |  |  |  |

Can you see a pattern?
Use your pattern to work out how many jumps would be needed for a family of 6 frogs on 13 lily pads.

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The flies are always tastier on the other side!

- There are two frogs - purple and blue.
- The purple frog lives on the left of the pond, the blue frog on the right.
- The purple frog wants to get to the right side of the pond as she thinks the blue frog gets the juiciest flies.
- The blue frog, on the other hand, thinks the purple frog gets fatter flies and wants to get to the left of the pond.
- There are 3 lily pads which the frogs must use to cross the pond.
- Frogs can only jump to EMPTY lily pads.
- Frogs can only jump over ONE other frog at a time.
- Frogs don't know how to jump backwards!


Work out how the frogs swap sides. What is the smallest number of jumps they have to make to get there?

Now try...

- 2 frogs in on each side with 5 lily pads
- 3 frogs in each family with 7 lily pads
- 4 frogs in each family with 9 lily pads

Complete the table:

| Frogs on each side (f) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Jumps (j) |  |  |  |  |

What is the difference between the jumps for 1 and 2 frogs?
What is the difference between the jumps for 2 and 3 frogs?
What is the difference between the jumps for 3 and 4 frogs?

What do you think the difference would be for 4 and 5 frogs?
If there were 5 frogs, how many jumps would it take to cross the pond?

