



Y5 History Knowledge Organiser— Ancient Greeks



Key Knowledge

Learn these key facts

What was happening at the same time as the Ancient Greeks?

Rome was growing
Worthing was mostly farming land



Athens was named after the Goddess Athena

Spartan City State

Life for boys

Spartan boys trained for 13 years from the age of 7 and had to join army.

Taught to fight and steal. Starved and taught to survive in the cold.

Life for Girls

Spartan Girls served Sparta by having children.

Girls were educated as well as trained to be strong.

Strong intelligent mothers = strong and intelligent future warriors.

Athenian City State

Life for boys

Boys were educated until the age of 20. Education was important and they were taught to read, write, play music and be great thinkers.

Life for Girls

Girls were not educated unless rich and were raised to have children and marry.

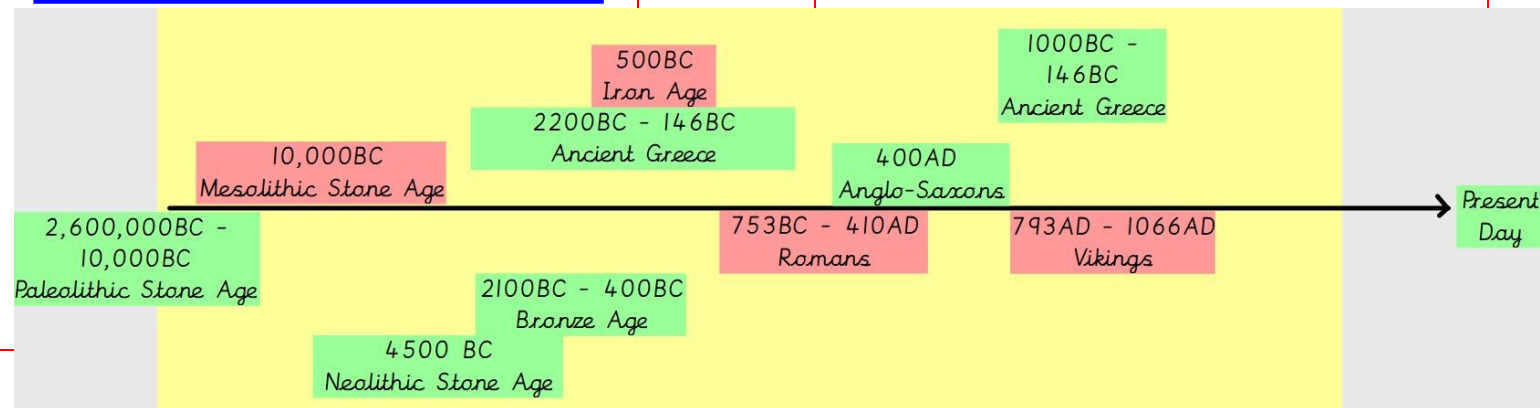
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Key Vocabulary

Understand these key words

Word	Definition
BC (Before Christ) and BCE (Before Common Era)	Any time that fell before the birth of Christ, according to Christians. Before Common Era means before our time
AD Anno Domini	Anno Domini means in the year of our Lord and is the Christian way of saying "our time"
City State	Cities that had their own leaders and politics and were independent from other cities.
Comedy	Stories that made audience laugh with jokes and humour
Tragedy	Stories with a sad ending . Usually a main character dies.

The first celebrated Greek civilisation was Minoans who lived on the Island of Crete.



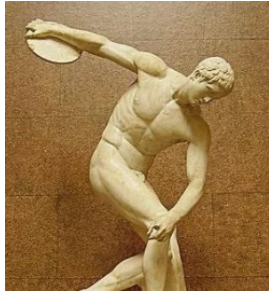
The Olympics

The modern Olympics:

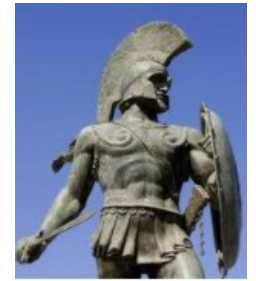
- Every 4 years
- Athletes from across the world

The ancient Olympics:

- Every 4 years
- between cities.
- Sports included: 200m sprint, long distance running, boxing, equestrian, pankration (wrestling and boxing combined) and javelin, discus and long jump.



Leonidas of Rhodes was a runner who won 12 Olympic Victory Wreaths



Theatre

All parts were played by men.



Masks were important to show character.



Theatre design:

- They were open-air
- They were bowl-shaped
- They were built into the hill-side
- They were often very big
- The stage was semi-circular/circular

The Roman invasion



Fighting between city states weakened Greece

Rome defeated Greece in 146BC at the end of the Macedonian wars.

Romans took on Greek culture so Greece was mostly unchanged



The Roman Empire has begun!