# Chesswood Y3 Geography — We are Worldwide Travel Consultants

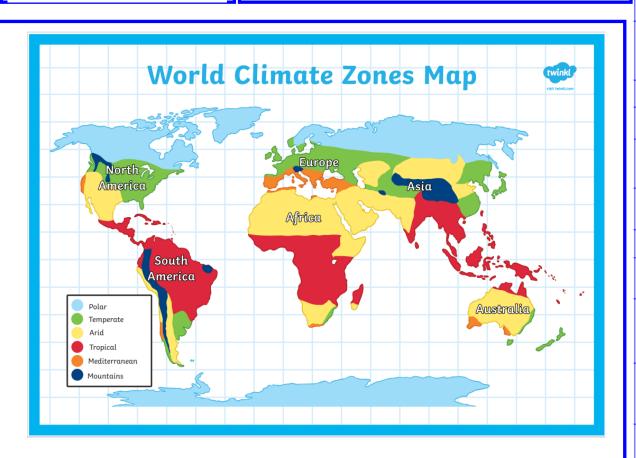
## **Key Knowledge**

### **What I Should Already Know**

- Human/physical geography (KS2)
- Using directional language (KS1)
- Countries of UK (KS1)

### What does a Worldwide Travel Consultant do?

Promoting and recommending various **travel** destinations is the responsibility of a **Travel Consultant**. They also book flights, hotel rooms and arrange other **travel** plans for their clients. They have extensive knowledge about various countries geography, weather, history, language and customs.



# **Key Vocabulary**

Word	Definition
hemisphere	From 'half and sphere/globe.' The world can be split into the northern and southern halves of the world
continents	The large areas of land. There are 7 continents. Including Europe.
biome	A biome is a large region of Earth that has a certain climate (how warm and how much rain) and certain types of living things
Temperate	The word temperate means moderate, or in the middle. This is helpful in understanding the climate in the temperate zone - it does not have extremes. Cold winters and mild summers.
Mediterranean	Dry, hot summers and mild winters.
Polar	Very cold and dry all year round
Arid	Dry and hot all year round
Tropical	Hot and wet all year round
Mountainous	Very cold, sometimes wet, all year
Transport links	The movement of people, animals, and goods from one location to another.
Tourism/ tourists	When people travel for pleasure they are called tourists. Tourism is the business of encouraging and supporting tourists.
weather	Weather is the state of the atmosphere, to the degree that it is hot or cold, wet or dry, calm or stormy, clear or cloudy.
climate	climate is worked out by looking at weather patterns in one area over a long period of time, usually around 30 years. It tells us what the weather is likely to be at different times of the year.

# Y3 Geography — We are Worldwide Travel Consultants

## **Key Skills**

## **Atlas/Map Skills**

To know the name and location of key European cities:

Ireland, France, Russia, Italy, Greece, Germany, Norway,

Sweden Denmark, Poland, Spain and Portugal

Use atlas contents and index to locate countries and capital use locational language (N,S, E, W, NE, SE, NW, SW)

Use maps to calculate the distance from UK to Italy



cities, and to

## Comparison

#### **UK** (country)

UK climate is temperate forest, like most of Europe.

This means we have four distinct seasons with cool winters and warm summers.

Tourists are attracted mainly to the historical buildings and settlements such as London, Stonehenge, and the city of York.

The different physical features such a coastline also attracts visitors.

#### Italy (country)

Climate is Mediterranean.

Being closer to the Equator, Italy has a mainly Mediterranean climate.

Tourists are mainly attracted in the summer by the warm weather and sandy beaches. Italy also has lots of historical settlements and stunning countryside. The Italian Alps is also popular with those looking for a winter holiday (skiing .)

#### Alaska (State of USA)

Climate is Polar.

Being closer to the Polar regions, the weather is much colder than in the UK.

Tourists are attracted to the wintery conditions ideal for winter sports (skiing), Artic Cruises and Northern Light Viewing.

#### **Map Skills**



Using their virtual fieldtrip to Big Ben, pupils compare the Tourist Map to Ordnance Survey maps used in previous units.

**Tourist maps** for travellers and tourists feature the best attractions, activities, nature, animals, transportation, weather and climate. They are often presented in a fun, creative way to be appealing to the tourist.

#### **Key Questions:**

What other tourist sites are located nearby? Why might tourists want to visit these places?