

Addition

Number Line



Expanded Column

Compact Column

So which method do I use?



1

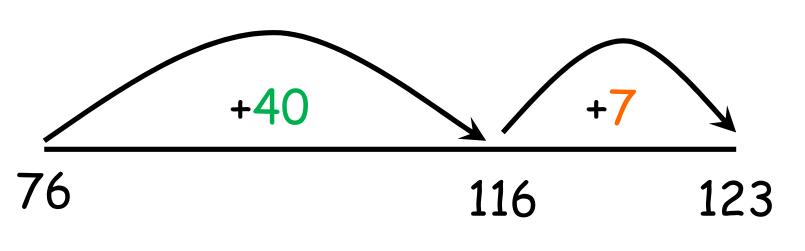
Number Line

Draw a blank number line

Start with the largest number and partition the other

...47 is 40 + 7

So how can I add 76 and 47?





2

Partitioning

Or it's best to write it like this...

$$76 + 47$$
 $70 + 40 = 110$
 $6 + 7 = 13$
 110
 13

$$110 + 13 = 123$$

This is where I partition each number... so 76 is 70 + 6 and 47 is 40 + 7



3



Horizontal Partitioning

Squared paper may help line up each number in its Ones (O), Tens (T) or Hundreds (H) columns.

T O T O H T O
7 6 + 4 7 =
7 0 + 4 0 = 1 1 0
6 + 7 = 1 3

Recombine 123

I can start to partition the numbers in rows.





Addition

4

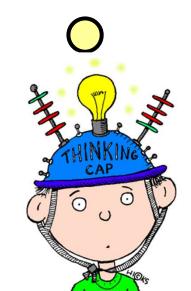
Expanded Column - Partitioning

Use squared paper to write the numbers in columns.

The numbers must be in columns!

I will start with the ones first.







Addition

5

Expanded Column

Use squared paper to write the numbers in columns.

The numbers must be in columns!

I will start with the ones first.

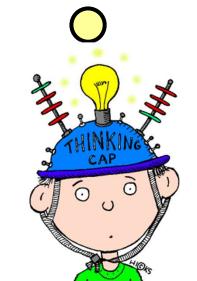


6

Expanded Column

Use squared paper to write the numbers in columns.

When I
understand this
I can do it
without the
brackets.





Addition

7

Compact Column

Use squared paper to write the numbers in columns.

$$6 + 7 = 13$$

(Write the ten under the place value column to the left.)

$$7 + 4 + 1 = 12$$

(Write the ten under the place value column to the left.)

$$2 + 1 + 1 = 4$$

When I understand place value better, I can do it this way!

