

## Fronted adverbials

### Lesson 1

What are the three types of fronted adverbials?

What punctuation do we need when using a fronted adverbial?

Afterwards,

Sadly,

Above the clouds,

Time	Frequency	Place	Manner	Possibility
Afterwards, Already, Always, Immediately, Last month, Now, Soon, Yesterday, Today, Tomorrow, Next year, In January, On Tuesday, In the morning, After a while, As soon as she could, Before long, All of a sudden, In the blink of an eye, Just then, Eventually, Later,	Often, Again, Daily, Weekly, Fortnightly, Yearly, Sometimes, Rarely, Every second, Twice a year, Once a minute, Once, Once or twice, Three times, Constantly, Regularly, Frequently, Infrequently, Occasionally, Rarely, Never in my life, Never before,	Above the clouds, Below the sea, Here, Outside, Over there, There, Under the ground, Upstairs, In the distance, Between the sea and the sky, Everywhere she looked, Around the tent, Back at the house, Nearby, Down by the cliffs, Behind the shed, In the wooden box, Over my bed, Somewhere near here, Far away, Wherever they went, North of here,	Sadly, Slowly, Happily, Awkwardly, Bravely, Like a ... As quick as a flash, As fast as he could, Without a sound, Without warning, Unexpectedly, Unfortunately, Suddenly, Mysteriously, Frantically, Anxiously, Courageously, Silently, Curiously, Nervously, Rapidly, Carefully,	Almost unbelievably, Much admired, Nearly asleep, Quite understandably, Really happily, Perhaps, Maybe, Just arrived, Certainly amused, Obviously angry, Definitely confused, Completely exhausted, Barely alive, Out of breath, Decidedly unimpressed, Perfectly confident, Positively trembling with excitement, Purely practically, Somewhat flustered, Utterly jigious, Totally overwhelmed,

Nasty writing

## Lesson 1

Add a fronted adverbial to the sentence.

the boy went home.

the pen was on the floor.

### Fronted Adverbials

Fronted Adverbials are words or phrases at the beginning of a sentence which are used to describe the action that follows.

Time	Frequency	Place	Manner	Possibility
Afterwards, Already, Always, Immediately, Last month, Now, Soon, Yesterday,	Often, Again, Daily, Weekly, Fortnightly, Yearly, Sometimes, Rarely,	Above the clouds, Below the sea, Here, Outside, Over there, There, Under the ground, Upstairs,	Sadly, Slowly, Happily, Awkwardly, Bravely, Like a ... , As quick as a flash, As fast as he could,	Almost unbelievably, Much admired, Nearly asleep, Quite understandably, Really happily, Perhaps, Maybe, Just arrived,
Today, Tomorrow, Next year, In January, On Tuesday, In the morning, After a while, As soon as she could, Before long, All of a sudden, In the blink of an eye, Just then, Eventually, Later,	Every second, Twice a year, Once a minute, Once, Once or twice, Three times, Constantly, Regularly, Frequently, Infrequently, Occasionally, Rarely, Never in my life, Never before,	In the distance, Between the sea and the sky, Everywhere she looked, Around the tent, Back at the house, Nearby, Down by the cliffs, Behind the shed, In the wooden box, Over my bed, Somewhere near here, Far away, Wherever they went, North of here,	Without a sound, Without warning, Unexpectedly, Unfortunately, Suddenly, Mysteriously, Frantically, Anxiously, Courageously, Silently, Curiously, Nervously, Rapidly, Carefully,	Certainly amused, Obviously angry, Definitely confused, Completely exhausted, Barely alive, Out of breath, Decidedly unimpressed, Perfectly confident, Positively trembling with excitement, Purely practically, Somewhat flustered, Utterly joyous, Totally overwhelmed,



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Then, write some sentences which include a fronted adverbial.

We do

## Lesson 1

Add a fronted adverbial to the sentence.

the man was outside.

The teacher shouted.

### Fronted Adverbials

Fronted Adverbials are words or phrases at the beginning of a sentence which are used to describe the action that follows.

Time	Frequency	Place	Manner	Possibility
Afterwards, Already, Always, Immediately, Last month, Now, Soon, Yesterday,	Often, Again, Daily, Weekly, Fortnightly, Yearly, Sometimes, Rarely,	Above the clouds, Below the sea, Here, Outside, Over there, There, Under the ground, Upstairs,	Sadly, Slowly, Happily, Awkwardly, Bravely, Like a ... , As quick as a flash, As fast as he could, Without a sound, Without warning, Unexpectedly, Unfortunately, Suddenly, Mysteriously, Frantically, Anxiously, Courageously,	Almost unbelievably, Much admired, Nearly asleep, Quite understandably, Really happily, Perhaps, Maybe, Just arrived, Certainly amused, Obviously angry, Definitely confused, Completely exhausted, Barely alive, Out of breath, Decidedly unimpressed, Perfectly confident, Positively trembling with excitement,
Today, Tomorrow, Next year, In January, On Tuesday, In the morning, After a while, As soon as she could, Before long, All of a sudden, In the blink of an eye, Just then, Eventually, Later,	Every second, Twice a year, Once a minute, Once, Once or twice, Three times, Constantly, Regularly, Frequently, Infrequently, Occasionally, Rarely, Never in my life, Never before,	In the distance, Between the sea and the sky, Everywhere she looked, Around the tent, Back at the house, Nearby, Down by the cliffs, Behind the shed, In the wooden box, Over my bed, Somewhere near here, Far away, Wherever they went, North of here,	Stiltingly, Curiously, Nervously, Rapidly, Carefully,	Positively trembling with excitement, Purely practically, Somewhat flustered, Utterly joyous, Totally overwhelmed,



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Then, write some sentences which include a fronted adverbial.

You do

## Lesson 2

What is a rhetorical question?

When do you use one?

A rhetorical question is a question which does not require

How would you feel?

You will often see rhetorical questions begin with:

Do you really...?

Are you...?

Why not...?

Who can deny...?

Who doesn't...?

Love...?

Nasty writing

## Lesson 2

Change this statement into a rhetorical question:

*You'll have a holiday of a lifetime.*

You will often see rhetorical questions begin with:

Do you really...?

Are you...?

Why not...?

Who can deny...?

Who doesn't...?

Love...?

*We do*

## Lesson 2

Change this statements into a rhetorical question:

Shower in our cold, slimy showers

Visit the most vile hotel in the world.

Then, create your own rhetorical questions.

You will often see rhetorical questions begin with:

Do you really...?

Are you...?

Why not...?

Who can deny...?

Who doesn't...?

Love...?

You do

### Lesson 3

laboratory

transported

orbit

gravity

weightless

Who can tell me the definitions of these words?

talk with your partner then feedback

anchored

counteract

astronaut

re-hydrated

assembled

launched

mission

We do

## Modal verbs.

### Lesson 3



BBC bitesize

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zwmw8mn/articles/zps4pbk>



Modal verb song

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=j54a9uBQx-4>

What is a modal verb?

Can you give me an example?

When do we use one?

These are verbs that indicate likelihood, ability, permission or obligation.

Words like: can/could, may/might, will/would, shall/should and must.

We do



### Lesson 3

Can you adjust this sentence using a modal verb?

The fisherman left the boat.

The rocket took off.

#### Modal Verbs

can	cannot		must	must not
		could	could not	
may	may not		shall	shall not
		might	might not	
will	will not		should	should not
		would	would not	



We do!

### Lesson 3

Can you adjust this sentence using a modal verb?

The boy called home.

The teacher read the book.

#### Modal Verbs

can	cannot	must	must not
	could	could not	
may	may not	shall	shall not
	might	might not	
will	will not	should	should not
	would	would not	



Write your own sentences using modal verbs.

You do!

## Lesson 4

### What is the present perfect tense?

The present perfect tense describes an action that has already occurred but continues to happen.

#### Present Perfect Tense

Tom has driven to work today.

Farhan has travelled to Dover for the meeting.

We have trained for the match.

Troy has fallen off his chair.

Carl has gone to the cinema with Gemma.

The birds have flown South for the winter.

Mrs. Jones has spoken about the new classroom in assembly.

Nasreen has swum one length.

Tiddles has climbed the tree.

Zoe has learnt how to make apple pie.

Albie has danced on stage all night.

Gran has cooked a feast for dinner.

Harry has rushed to answer the door.

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## Lesson 4

Try to create **three** sentences using the present perfect tense.

Ten houspoints to those that write **five**.



### Present Perfect Tense

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Troy has fallen off his chair.  
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You do