

WALT: draft a non chronological report - survival guide.



5 house points for any key vocabulary included.

experience group

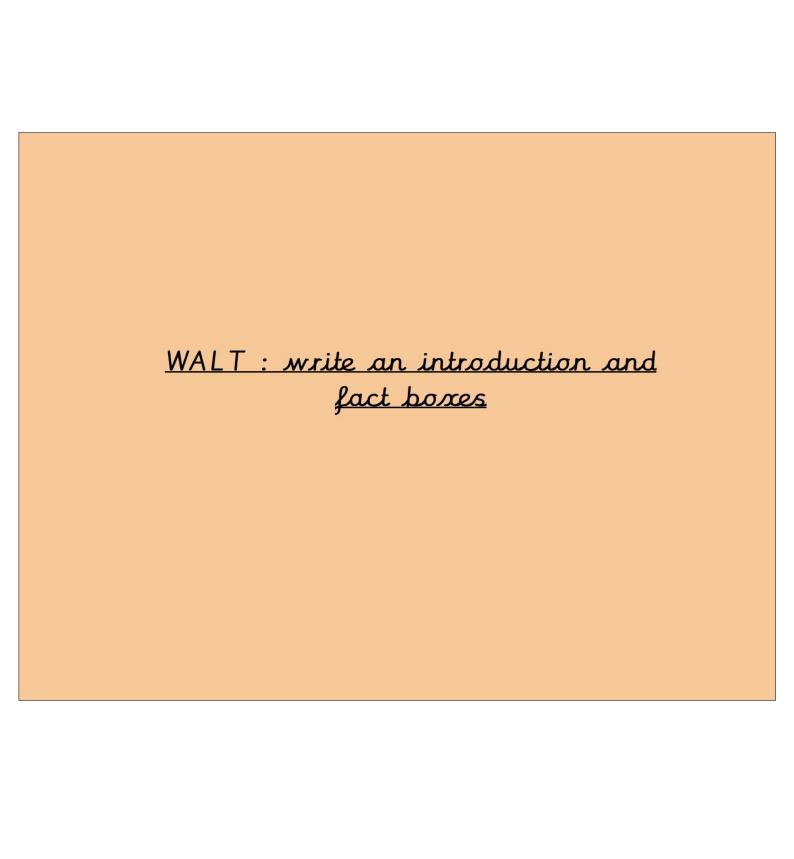
favourite particular guide occasionally

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		10	Varied punctuation (,!?)		
		10	Conjunctions		
		ľ	Headings and sub- headings		
		p	Full stops		
		1	Capital letters		

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		15	Conjunctions	
			Headings and sub-	
_			headings	
		No.	Full stops	
			Capital letters	







What is the purpose of these paragraphs?

THERE ARE ONE TRILLION, 300 BILLION SKIN CELLS ON THE HUMAN BODY

Skin is the largest organ of the human body. It holds all our other organs together, protects our bones, muscles and internal organs, and allows us to feel and react to heat and the cold. It is a huge sensor containing nerves that tell the brain what is going on around our body.



How eyes work

Your eyes work much like a camera. A camera takes in light rays and focuses them through different lenses to create a picture.

Each eye gathers light rays into a very tiny picture that fits on the back of your eyeball. A nerve from this spot sends the picture to your brain.

The machine on the right shows the parts of your eyes and what they do.

THE HEART BEATS ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND TIMES A DAY

The heart is one of the body's strongest muscles. It pumps blood to every part of our body making sure it receives the nutrients we need. The heart is the size of a fist and on average weighs around 300 ${\bf g}$ – the weight of six medium-sized eggs.



Everybody has a Skeleton, there are 206 bones inside you when you are a adult and when you are a baby you have 350 bones and when you are a baby your bones aren't as strong.

The Gorilla

Gorillas are animals that mainly live in regions of dense forests in tropical Africa, such as Rwanda. Few animals have sparked the imagination of man as much as the gorilla, the largest of the living primates and the last member of the ape family. The gorilla is huge, with broad chest and shoulders. The arms are longer than the stubby legs and the fully adult male mountain gorilla is twice as large as the female.

Introduction

A habitat is a place where animals live. The Arctic is a very cold place but it is home to lots of different animals. Animals that live in the Arctic need to have special adaptations so they can survive.

swap for introductions

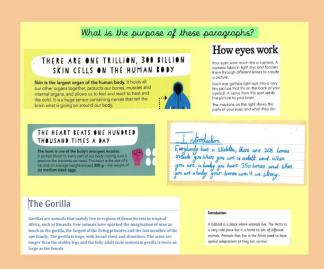
When writing a non-chronlogical report, we need to make sure it contains an introduction.

The introduction is brief and gives a who/what/where outline explaining the report to the audience.

This should be interesting and attention grabbing, as it is the first point of reading, and give the reader a taster of the theme in your NCR.

What information could we use in our.	introduction?
	
How can we turn this information into	an introduction
Chesswood Junior School	Nan-Chronological Report Checklist Technical language
Introduction	Varied sentence openers. Paragraphs
	Varied punctuation (,!?) Canjunctions Headings and sub-
	headings Full stops Capital letters
Chesswood has 4 year groups Mr Jolley is the Headteacher	There are 3 playgrounds

 Create an introduction for your non-chronological report. Remember to use your checklist and target cards to achieve the success criteria in your writing.



	Non-Chranalogical Report Checklist	V X
	Technical language	
	Varied sentence openers.	
20	Paragraphs	
20	Varied punctuation (,!?)	
20	Canjunctions	
/	Headings and sub- headings	
100	Full stops	
	Capital letters	

Fact Boxes

As well as our paragraphs and introduction, our nonchronological report contains Fact boxes these contain interesting individual facts to grab the attention of the reader.

Amazing Fact!

Most shark species would die if they stopped moving. As long as they keep swimming, water keeps moving over their gills, which keeps them alive.

Fantastic Facts!

- Arsenal and Manchester United have won the most times: 12!
- The women's tournament is called the FA Women's Cup.

Fascinating fact!
You have specialist teachers for
Music & PE.

Did You Know...?

A baby shark is called a pup.

Did you know? That you eat your lunch in the classroom.

Did You Know?

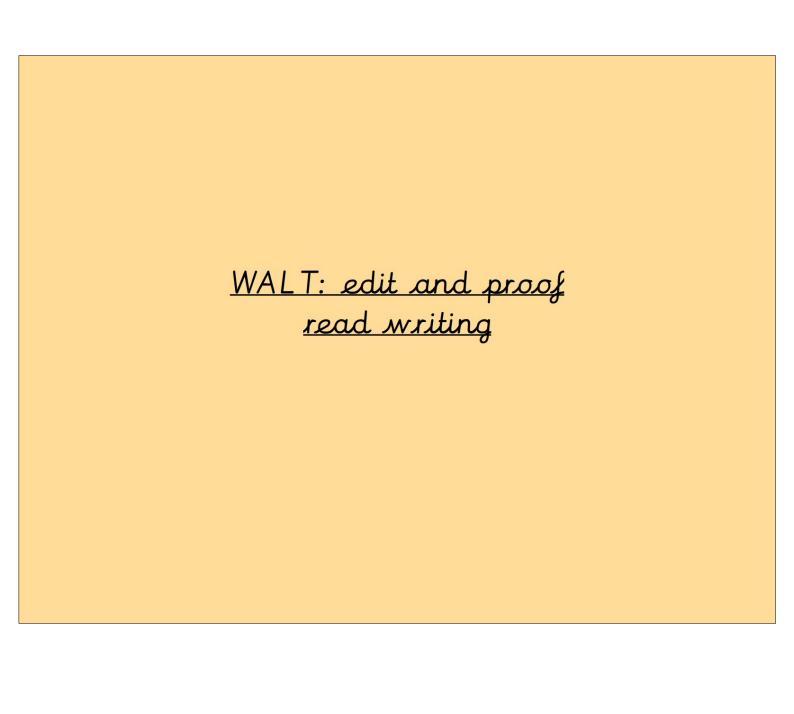
William Shakespeare made up a lot of new words we still use today like bedroom and gloomy!

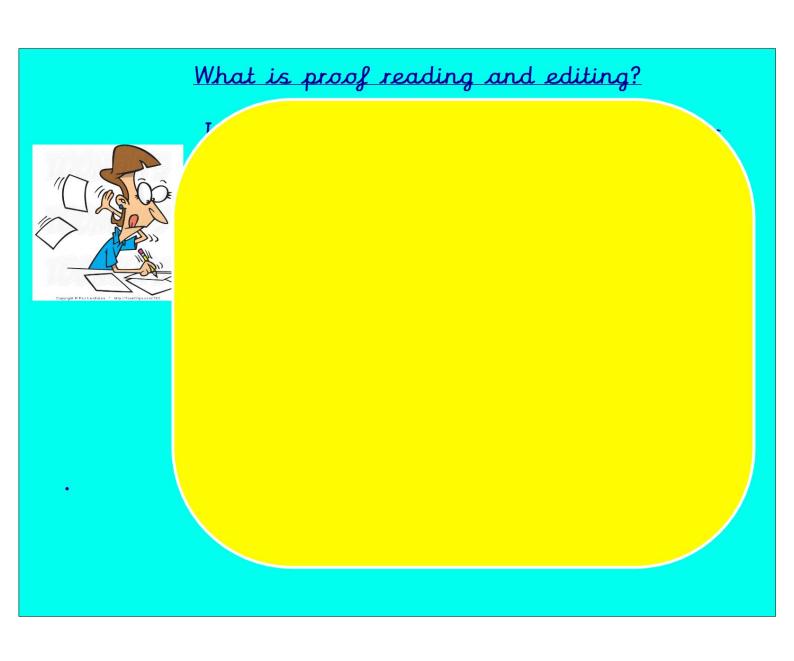


	Nan-Chranatogical Repart Checklist	√ X
	Technical language	
	Varied sentence openers.	
19	Paragraphs	
19	Varied punctuation (,!?)	
29	Conjunctions	
/	Headings and sub- headings	
/	Full stops	
J	Capital letters	

Create some Fact
 Box sentences for
 your non
 chronological report.
 Make sure they are
 interesting and have
 a title such as 'Did
 you know...' and
 'Fascinating Facts!'







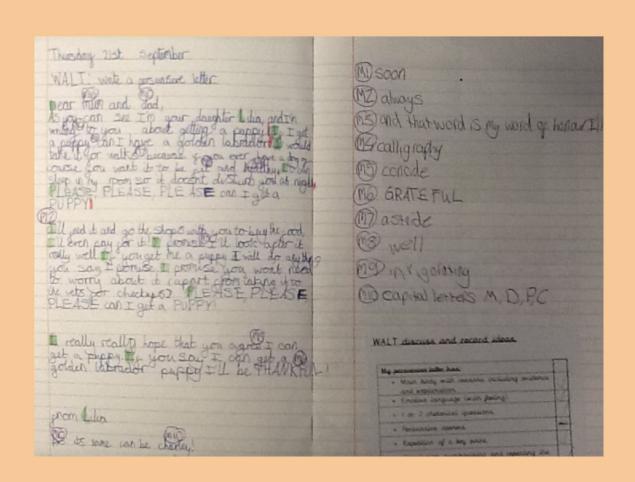
What is proof reading and editing?

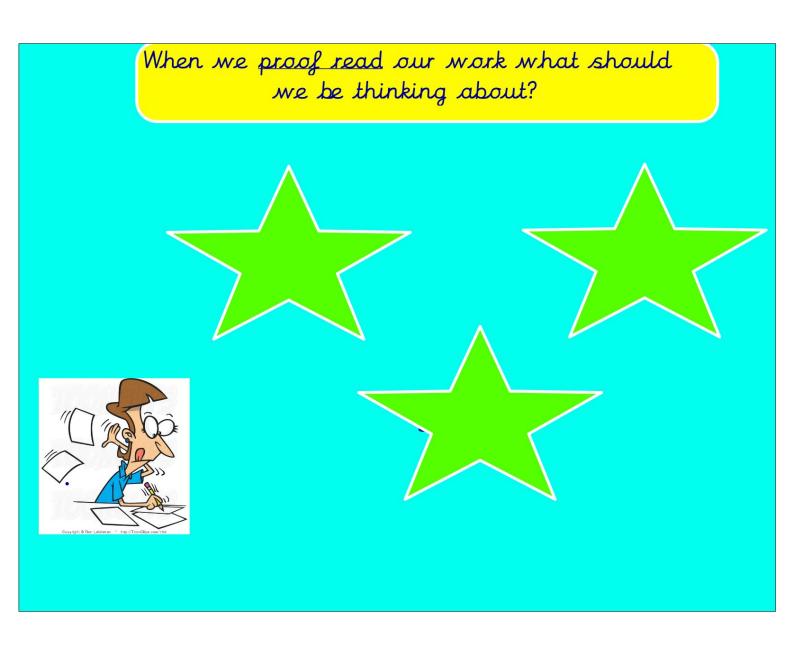


If you think back to when we wrote our persuasive letter or our Skeletons and Muscles non-chronological report, we talked about how we proof read and edit our work in Chesswood when we finish it.

We use a purple pen and the right hand page of your book to 'Make it Better'.

In our draft we put MI at the part we want to change. We then put MI on the right page and write in our changes.





When we proof read our work what should we be thinking about?

Spelling

punctuation

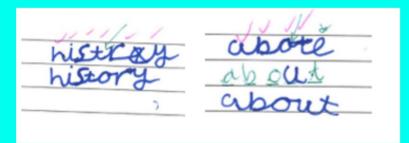


grammar

When we proof read our work what should you be thinking about?



As well as identifying your own spelling errors, an adult may have used positive marking to help you find the correct spelling.



How else can we correct spelling errors?



How do we proof read our work?

Spelling

Try writing the spelling again 🜟 Tenses

- * Check in the dictionary
- ★ Check on word mats
- * Positive marking

Grammar

* Word choices

Aunctuation

- ** Capital letters used correctly
- * Full stops in the correct place.
- ★ Other punctuation used correctly and accurately

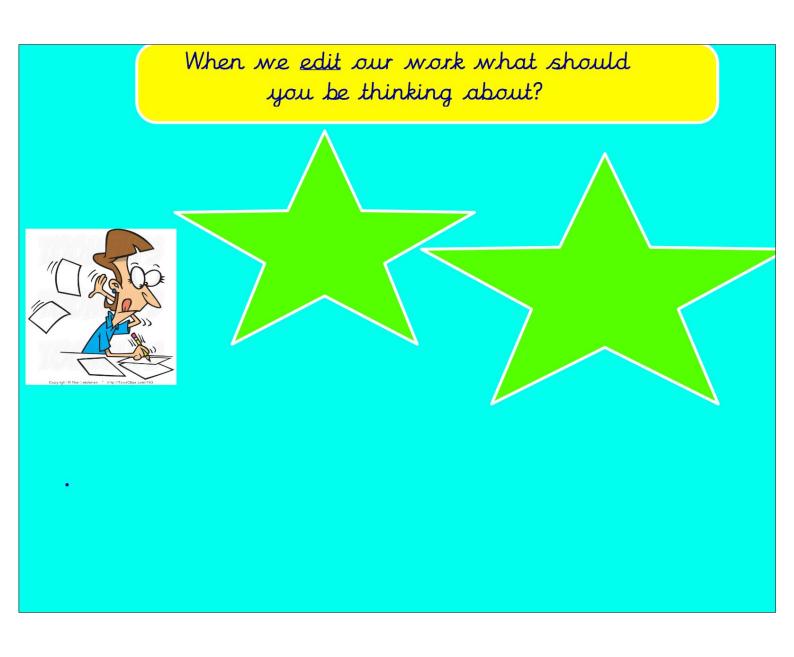


Let's proof read these sentences together..

om and satoshi were stairing at ech uther

What are you wereing" said om Er theese are my glasses replied Satoshi I need them to sea.

Now try to proof read your work, making changes to your spelling, punctuation and grammar.



When we edit our work what should you be thinking about?



Adding in detail

Re-writing sections



How could you add detail to these sentences to make them engaging to read?

From out of nowhere Satoshi could hear a sound which began to get closer.
"What's that noise?" said Satoshi.
"A mammoth," replied Om.

Now try adding detail to your own non-chronological report.

Now check your work for coordinating and subordinating conjunctions





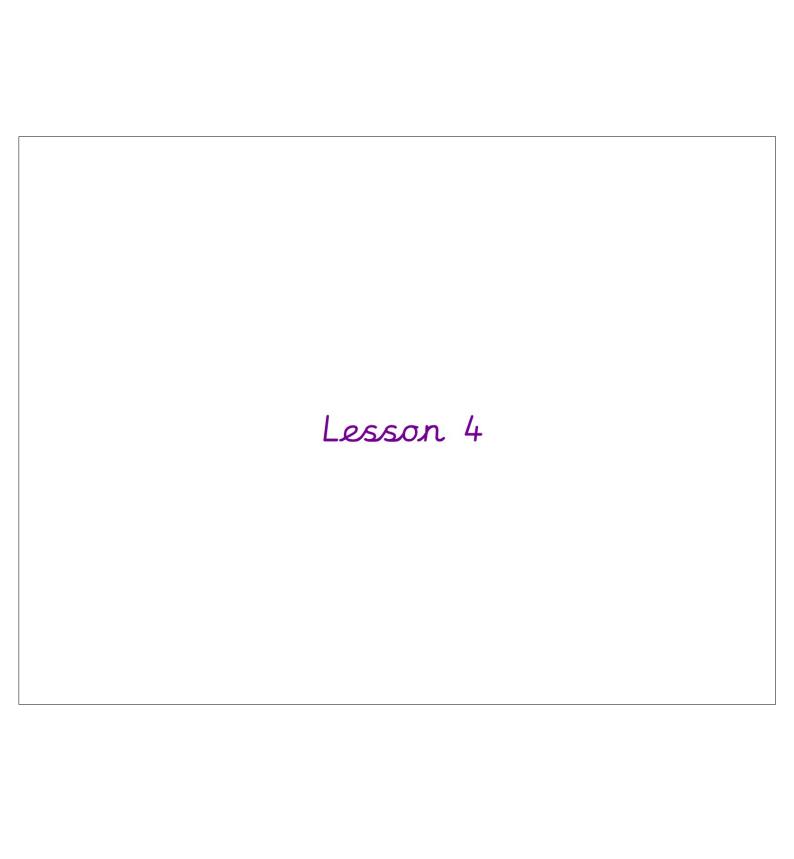
Coordinating

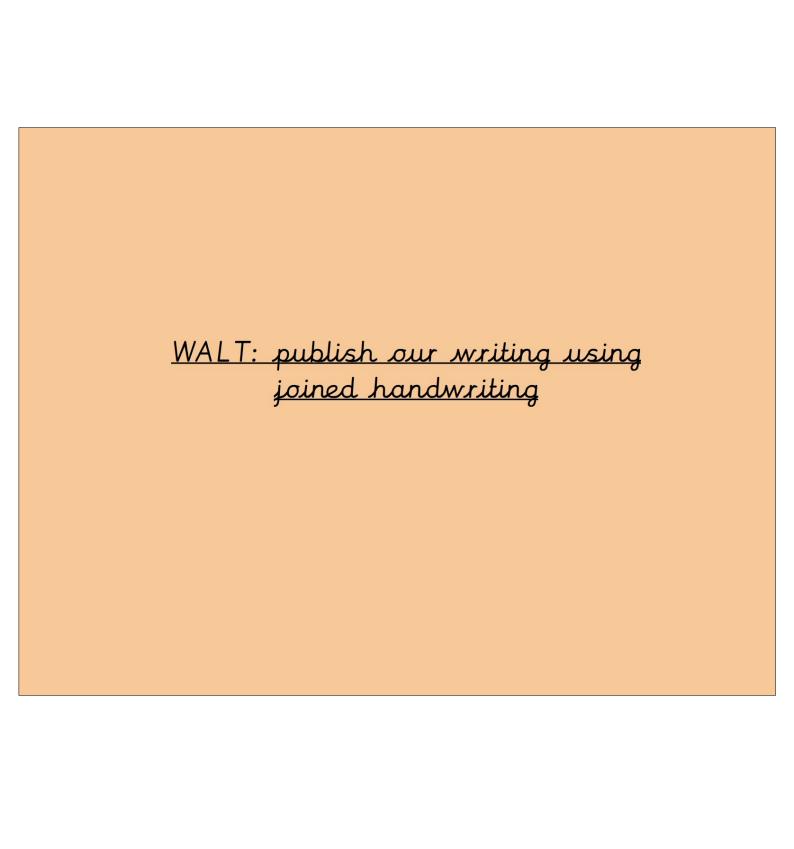
Subordinating

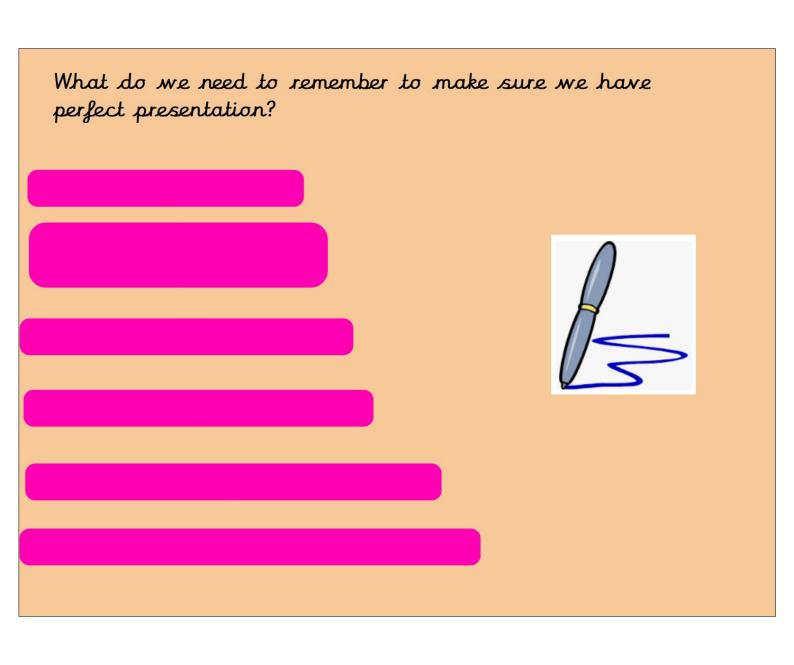
If Since As When Although
While After Before Until Because











What do we need to remember to make sure we have perfect presentation?

Writing on the line

Using a blue handwriting pen

Neat, joined up handwriting

Sitting correctly in my chair

Concentrating so I add in my 'Ms'

Crossing out with a pencil and a ruler







Once we have written up our paragraphs in neat what else do we need to find to create our guides?





On plain paper, make a plan for where your writing and pictures are going to fit into your information guide.





Once you have written your paragraphs, cut them out

Stick your paragraphs onto coloured card/paper

Then, choose appropriate pictures to stick with your writing.

Write your letter up, using your best handwriting, on the paper provided

